

UNITED STATES
UTIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

# OMP APPROVAL

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## ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

#### FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/09 AND ENDING	12/31/09
	MM/DD/YY	MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Newport Capitas Inc. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSING 360 Thames St	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
Newport	(No. and Street) RI 02840	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Thomas F Flynn	SON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS 732–842–9	
		(Area Code – Telephone Number
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ns & Dobbins LLP	
60 East 42nd St	Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) New York NY 1016	5
(Address)	(City) (State	) (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		MAR n + Zuiu
XX Certified Public Accountant		
☐ Public Accountant 3 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Washington, OC
☐ Accountant not resident in United	l States or any of its possessions.	
	OR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

RACTIONNE

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

# OATH OR AFFIRMATION

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m	y knowledge and belief the accompanying financial state	ment and sup	porting schedules pertaining to the	ne firm of
	Newport Capital Inc.			, as
of				
	either the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal	officer or dir	ector has any proprietary interest	in any account
cl	assified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:			
	None			
	The state of the s			
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-				
2			Signature	-\
-				
. 5.			President	
			Title	
	1 / Wildowin			
-	Notary Public			
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	nis report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):			
χŖ	(a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.			
X Z Z X	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).			
Ģ	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.			
R	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or P			
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Ö	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control			
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	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Req			
		d Statements	of Financial Condition with resp	ect to methods of
_	consolidation.			
		to exist or for	and to have existed since the date o	f the previous audit
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**	For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portio	ons of this fili	ng, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).	•

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#### Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors Newport Capital, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Newport Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Newport Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules shown on pages 8 and 9 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in al material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

O'Common Davies Munns & Dobbins, LAP

New York, New York February 10, 2010

## Statement of Financial Condition

# December 31, 2009

ASSETS Cash Advance to shareholder	\$ 15,437 248,066 \$ 263,503
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 4,100
Stockholders' Equity	
Common stock, no par, 100 shares authorized,	
40 shares issued and outstanding	4,000
Additional paid-in capital	32,500
Accumulated earnings	222,903
Total Stockholders' Equity	259,403
	<u>\$ 263,503</u>

# Statement of Operations

# Year Ended December, 31, 2009

REVENUE	
Finders Fees	\$ 248,301
Other income	335
Total Revenue	248,636
EXPENSES	
Salaries and other employee costs	14,622
Occupancy	9,889
Regulatory fees and expenses	1,015
Other expenses	16,388
Total Expenses	41,914
Net Income	\$ 206,722

# Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

# Year Ended December 31, 2009

		ommon Stock	]	dditional Paid-in Capital		cumulated arnings		Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$	4,000	\$	32,500	\$	16,181	\$	52,681
Net Income		-				206,722	_	206,722
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	4,000	<u>\$</u>	32,500	<u>\$</u>	222,903	<u>\$</u>	259,403

## Statements of Cash Flows

# Year Ended December 31, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net Income	\$ 206,722
Adjustments to reconcile net income to	
Cash from operating activities	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Advance to shareholder	(248,066)
Accounts payable	 (6,100)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(47,444)
CASH	
Beginning of year	 62,881
End of year	\$ 15,437

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 1. Organization

Newport Capital, Inc. (the "Company") is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") as a broker dealer in securities and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company acts as a broker in connection with introducing institutional and accredited investors to persons or entities seeking to raise capital from such prospective investors.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, February 10, 2010.

#### Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Recognition of Income

Broker fees are recognized as earned on a pro-rata basis over the term of the agreement.

#### Income Tax Status

As a Subchapter S Company the Company's Federal and State income is taxed in the individual income tax returns of its shareholder. Management has determined that the Company had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition. The Company is no longer subject U.S. federal, state or local income tax audits for periods prior to 2006.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

# 3. Concentration of Credit Risk and Financial Instruments With Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The Company introduces its customers' transactions to its clearing broker with whom it has a correspondent relationship for execution, clearance, and depository operations in accordance with the terms of a clearance agreement. In connection therewith, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses that the clearing broker may sustain. Nonperformance by its customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to securities transactions with the clearing broker may expose the Company to risk of potential loss.

#### 4. Commitment

The Company leases office space on a month to month basis.

#### 5. Net Capital Requirements

As a broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the SEC's uniform net capital rule 15c3-1. The rule requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of the greater of \$5,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change from day to day, but as of December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$11,337 which was \$6,337 in excess of its required net capital. The Company's net capital ratio was .36 to 1.

# Computation of Net Capital Under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15C3-1

#### December 31, 2009

NET CAPITAL		
Total ownership equity from statement of		
financial condition	\$	259,403
Deductions - Non allowable assets:		
Advance to stockholder		248,066
N-4 Constant		
Net Capital		11,337
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT		
Minimum net capital requirement - 6-2/3% of aggregate		<b>7.000</b>
indebtedness, or \$5,000, whichever is greater		5,000
Excess of net capital over minimum requirement	\$	6,337
	-	
Total aggregate indebtedness liabilities	\$	4,100
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		36%
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# RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15c3-1

There is no material difference between the above and the calculation included in the Company's unaudited FOCUS report as of December 31, 2009.

Computation of Reserve Requirements
Under Exhibit A of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c-3

December 31, 2009

The firm is engaged in a general securities business and carried no customer accounts on its books. All customer transactions are cleared through another stock brokerage firm on a fully disclosed basis.

Schedule Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c-3

December 31, 2009

The firm is engaged in a general securities business and carried no customer accounts on its books. All customer transactions are cleared through another stock brokerage firm on a fully disclosed basis and the firm does not have possession of customer securities.

#### Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

To the Shareholders Newport Capital, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Newport Capital, Inc. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c-3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

New York, New York February 10, 2010

O'Common Davies Munns & Dobbins, LhP

Financial Statements

December 31, 2009